UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/673,180	09/30/2003	Toshio Tsujimoto	243214US0X	1265
	7590 07/01/200 AK, MCCLELLAND I	EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE ST	REET	SONG, MATTHEW J		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1792		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/01/2008	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

		Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/673,180	TSUJIMOTO ET AL.		AL.	
		Examiner		Art Unit		
		MATTHEW	J. SONG	1792		
The MAILING DATE of Period for Reply	this communication a	appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ddress	
A SHORTENED STATUTOR' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, F - Extensions of time may be available un after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing - If NO period for reply is specified above - Failure to reply within the set or extend. Any reply received by the Office later the earned patent term adjustment. See 3	ROM THE MAILING der the provisions of 37 CFR date of this communication. , the maximum statutory period period for reply will, by state an three months after the main three main three months after the main three main	DATE OF THI 1.136(a). In no ever od will apply and will tute, cause the applic	S COMMUNICATIO t, however, may a reply be ti expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·	
Status						
Responsive to commur     This action is <b>FINAL</b> .      Since this application is closed in accordance w	2b)☐ The in condition for allow	his action is no vance except f	or formal matters, pr		e merits is	
Disposition of Claims						
4)	s) is/are withd llowed. jected. bjected to.	rawn from con				
9) The specification is objection 10) The drawing(s) filed on Applicant may not request Replacement drawing shection	is/are: a) at that any objection to the et(s) including the corre	ccepted or b)[ ne drawing(s) be ection is required	held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 C		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-8 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Dra 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s Paper No(s)/Mail Date	wing Review (PTO-948)		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	)ate		

Art Unit: 1792

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 35-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 35 recites "in a ring configuration on a part of the inside surface being not contacted with a molten silicon" in lines 3-4. There is no support for "not contacted with a molten silicon." Furthermore, this is a negative limitation. Any negative limitation or exclusionary proviso must have basis in the original disclosure and the mere absence of a positive recitation is not basis for an exclusion. (MPEP 2173.05(i)). The same arguments apply to claim 36 which depends from claim 35.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claim 35 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ohama et al (WO 01/92609 A2).

Ohama et al discloses a multilayer silica crucible comprising a porous silica glass powder outer layer **3a** and a porous silica powder layer **13a** (Abstract, pg 12 and Fig 2(b)), this reads on forming a silica glass powder layer on a part of the surface of the crucible. Ohama et al also discloses an outer layer is molded into a shape of a crucible by supply a quartz powder, this reads on a quartz glass powder layer formed on the whole outside surface of the crucible.

In regards the ring configuration limitation, Ohama teaches silica powder formed on the surface of the crucible, thus the layer is in a ring configuration because of the circular bowl shape of the crucible based on a top view (Figure 1).

In regards to the inside surface not being contacted with a molten silicon, the inside surface is not contacted with molten silicon during crucible formation.

It is also noted that claim 35 merely requires a powder layer on the whole outside, which is disclosed by Ohama, and the remaining limitations are optional.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various

Art Unit: 1792

claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

6. Claim 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohama et al (WO 01/92609 A2) as applied to claim 35 above, and further in view of Loxley et al (US 5,389,582).

Ohama et al teaches all of the limitations of claim 36, as discussed previously, except Ohama et al does not teach the claimed silica particle size.

In a method of forming a porous silica crucible, note entire reference, Loxley et al teaches vitreous silica particles having an average particle size of from 1-8 microns (col 6, ln 1-67), this clearly suggests applicants particle size limitation because 100% of silica particles of less than 10 micrometers meets the claimed limitation.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ohama by using silica particles having a particle size from 1-8 microns, as taught by Loxley et al, because the best crucibles are obtained when the particle size ranges are controlled and a range of 1-8 microns is known to produce good crucibles ('582 col 6, ln 35-45).

### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 35-36 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 1792

### Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MATTHEW J. SONG whose telephone number is (571)272-1468. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Kornakov can be reached on 571-272-1303. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1792

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Matthew J Song Examiner Art Unit 1792

**MJS** 

June 23, 2008

/Robert M Kunemund/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1792